HEBER PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

WITH REPORT ON AUDIT BY INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

JUNE 30, 2019

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Heber Public Utility District El Centro, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Heber Public Utility District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Heber Public Utility District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedule of contributions – defined benefit pension plans, and the budgetary comparison schedule, identified as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) in the accompanying table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the RSI in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during the audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

White Nelson Diehl Grans UP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2019, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Carlsbad, California December 13, 2019

HEBER PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

This section of the Heber Public Utility District's annual financial report presents an analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This information is presented in conjunction with the audited basic financial statements, which follows this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019

- The assets of the District exceeded liabilities at the close of the 2018-2019 the fiscal year by \$28,795,217 (*Net Position*). Of this amount, \$3,199,511 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, \$711,294 is restricted for debt service and \$24,884,412 is invested in capital assets net of related debt.
- As of June 30, 2019 the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$848,587 which is available to meet the District's Governmental Fund current and future needs (unassigned fund balance).

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components, government – wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements. This report also includes additional required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

HEBER PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2019

REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government – Wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of District finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The <u>Statement of Net Position</u> presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources and the obligations to District creditors. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>Statement of Activities</u> presents information showing how net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business type activities). The governmental activities of the District are Parks and Recreation/Retention Basin and Street Lighting activities. The business type activities are Water, Sewer and Trash.

HEBER PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT

Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

June 30, 2019

Fund Financial Statements are groupings of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and to demonstrate finance-related legal compliance. The funds of the District are: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Proprietary Funds are used to account for when the District charges fees to cover the costs of certain services it provides. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The District uses a proprietary fund to report its Water, Wastewater and Solid Waste activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information and other supplementary information which can be found on pages 40-44 of this report.

HEBER PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT

Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) June 30, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

A summary of the District's Statement of Net Position in comparison to the prior year is presented below.

Condensed Statement of Net Position Fiscal Years June 30, 2018 and 2019

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	
Assets:							
Current and other Assets	\$ 750,990	\$ 919,184	\$ 3,891,342	\$ 3,908,343	\$ 4,642,332	\$ 4,827,527	
Capital Assets	1,163,109	1,209,061	36,983,669	35,669,068	38,146,778	36,878,129	
Total Assets	1,914,099	2,128,245	40,875,011	39,577,411	42,789,110	41,705,656	
Deferred Outflows of Resourc	es:						
Deferred amounts from pension	46,688	35,200	313,195	236,135	359,883	271,335	
Total Deferred Outflows	46,688	35,200	313,195	236,135	359,883	271,335	
Liabilities:							
Current Liabilities	32,129	88,760	627,380	654,058	659,509	742,818	
Noncurrent	94,510	90,018	12,735,890	12,320,492	12,830,400	12,410,510	
Total Liabilities	126,639	178,778	13,363,270	12,974,550	13,489,909	13,153,328	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	s:						
Deferred amounts from pension	3,637	3,690	24,398	24,756	28,035	28,446	
Total Deferred Inflows	3,637	3,690	24,398	24,756	28,035	28,446	
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets	1,163,109	1,209,061	24,632,331	23,675,351	25,795,440	24,884,412	
Restricted	-	-	713,915	711,294	713,915	711,294	
Unrestricted	667,402	771,916	2,454,292	2,427,595	3,121,694	3,199,511	
Total Net Position	\$ 1,830,511	\$ 1,980,977	\$ 27,800,538	\$ 26,814,240	\$ 29,631,049	\$ 28,795,217	

HEBER PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

June 30, 2019

A summary of the District's Statement of Activities in comparison to the prior year is presented below.

Condensed Statement of Activities Fiscal Years June 30, 2018 and 2019

	 Governmen	tal A	Activities	Business-type Activities To		otal			
	2018		2019	2018		2019	2018		2019
Program Revenues:									
Charges for Services:									
Parks and Recreation	\$ 83,183	\$	87,755	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 83,183	\$	87,755
Water, Wastewater & Trash	-		-	3,265,312		3,400,460	3,265,312		3,400,460
Capital contributions and grants	 -		-						
	83,183		87,755	3,265,312		3,400,460	3,348,495		3,488,215
General Revenues:									
Property Taxes	461,220		466,256	-		-	461,220		466,256
Investment earnings	-		-	2,682		2,689	2,682		2,689
Other Revenues	55,840		9,849	22,654		23,904	78,494		33,753
Transfers			148,828	 		(148,828)	 		
	 517,060		624,933	 25,336		(122,235)	 542,396		502,698
Total Revenue	 600,243		712,688	 3,290,648		3,278,225	 3,890,891		3,990,913
Expenses:									
Parks and Recreation	486,648		562,222	-		-	486,648		562,222
Water, Wastewater & Trash OE	-		-	3,888,916		4,041,747	3,888,916		4,041,747
Loss on disposal	-		-	-		98,503	-		-
Interest on long-term debt	 -		-	 127,582		124,273	 127,582		124,273
Total Expenses	 486,648		562,222	 4,016,498		4,264,523	 4,503,146		4,728,242
Changes in Net Position	113,595		150,466	(725,850)		(986,298)	(612,255)		(737,329)
Beginning Net Position	 1,716,916		1,830,511	28,526,388		27,800,538	30,243,304		29,631,049
Ending Net Position	\$ 1,830,511	\$	1,980,977	\$ 27,800,538	\$	26,814,240	\$ 29,631,049	\$	28,893,720

The following is a brief explanation for the balance changes of the Condensed Statement of Activities for the year ending June 30, 2019.

- Charges for services in Governmental activities showed a modest increase primarily due to the CPI (Consumer Price Index) annual adjustment to the CFD's annual charge for services.
- No Capital Contributions or Grants were received from Federal or State Funds.
- Property Taxes had an increase of 1.09% with respect to 2018.
- The Revenues in Water, Sewer & Trash had a 4.1% increase due to adopted rates for FY2018-19.

HEBER PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT

Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

June 30, 2019

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2019 the District's investment in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation was \$1,209,061 and \$35,669,068 for Governmental and Business-type Activities respectively. The investment in capital assets includes land, site improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment. The capital assets are presented in the government – wide statement of net position. The District completed the 6th and Parkyns Lift-station, Manholes Rehabilitation and the repair of the North and South Aerators in Wastewater Fund and initiated the Solar Lights installation at Jig Johnson Park.

			Capi	tal As	sets at Year	:-End	d		
Ba	alance at							В	alance at
June	e 30, 2018							Jun	e 30, 2019
]	Net of								Net of
Acc	cumulated					Cu	rrent Year	Ac	cumulated
Dep	preciation	In	creases	D	ecreases	De	epreciation	De	preciation
\$	511,367	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	511,367
	20,978		115,759		(20,978)		-		115,759
	482,089		-		-		(20,534)		461,555
	125,566		-		-		(22,042)		103,524
	21,869		-		-		(5,819)		16,050
	1,240		-		-		(434)		806
\$	1,163,109	\$	115,759	\$	(20,978)	\$	(48,829)	\$	1,209,061
\$	512,276	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	512,276
	220,745		169,431		(390,176)		-		-
	310,897		97,196		(98,503)		(54,363)		255,227
	342,732		-		-		(46,940)		295,792
3.	5,575,824		28,873		390,176		(1,402,799)	3	4,592,074
	21,195						(7,496)		13,699
\$30	6,983,669	\$	295,500	\$	(98,503)	\$	(1,511,598)	\$3	5,669,068
	According S	20,978 482,089 125,566 21,869 1,240 \$ 1,163,109 \$ 512,276 220,745 310,897 342,732 35,575,824	June 30, 2018 Net of Accumulated Depreciation \$ 511,367 20,978 482,089 125,566 21,869 1,240 \$ 1,163,109 \$ \$ 512,276 220,745 310,897 342,732 35,575,824 21,195	Balance at June 30, 2018 Net of Accumulated Depreciation \$ 511,367	Balance at June 30, 2018 Net of Accumulated Depreciation Increases Description \$ 511,367 \$ - \$ 20,978 115,759 482,089 - 125,566 - 21,869 - 1,240 - \$ \$ 1,163,109 \$ 115,759 \$ \$ 512,276 \$ - \$ 220,745 169,431 310,897 97,196 342,732 - 35,575,824 28,873 21,195	Balance at June 30, 2018 Net of Accumulated Depreciation Increases Decreases \$ 511,367 \$ - \$ - 20,978 115,759 (20,978) 482,089 125,566 21,869 1,240 \$ 1,163,109 \$ 115,759 \$ (20,978) \$ 512,276 \$ - \$ 220,745 169,431 (390,176) 310,897 97,196 (98,503) 342,732 35,575,824 28,873 390,176 21,195	Balance at June 30, 2018 Net of Accumulated Depreciation Solution	June 30, 2018 Net of Accumulated Decreases Current Year Depreciation Increases Decreases Depreciation \$ 511,367 \$ - \$ - \$ - 20,978 115,759 (20,978) - 482,089 - - (20,534) 125,566 - - (22,042) 21,869 - - (5,819) 1,240 - - (434) \$ 1,163,109 \$ 115,759 \$ (20,978) \$ (48,829) \$ 512,276 \$ - \$ - \$ - 220,745 169,431 (390,176) - 310,897 97,196 (98,503) (54,363) 342,732 - - (46,940) 35,575,824 28,873 390,176 (1,402,799) 21,195 - - (7,496)	Balance at June 30, 2018 Accumulated Depreciation Decreases Depreciation De \$ 511,367 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ - \$ \$ -

HEBER PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT

Required Supplementary Information Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

June 30, 2019

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

- The governmental funds had a positive fund balance change of \$113,010 due to the transfers from Wastewater and Trash funds for the land and for the committed fund transfer from Trash to the Tito Huerta Sports light Project.
- The Water Fund had a negative net position change of \$433,843. This is primarily due to the depreciation expenditures for the new Water Treatment Plant Up-grade with a total asset value of \$10,340,568 and a 40 years life expectancy, the calculated annual depreciation for a full year of 2018-2019 is \$258,514 and the loss on disposal of fixed assets of \$98,503.
- The Wastewater Fund had a negative net position change of \$468,542. This negative balance change is due to the depreciation expenditures for the Wastewater Treatment Plant Up-grade with a total asset value of \$12,453,248 and a 30 years life expectancy, the calculated annual depreciation is \$415,108 and the transfer of \$48,828 to governmental funds for the wastewater plant adjacent parcel 1st of 10 payments.
- The recently adopted rates are expected to cover capital costs such as depreciation and debt service. Depreciation is an operating expense according to the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and needs to be recovered through fees and service charges.
- The Solid Waste Fund had a negative net position change of \$83,913 due to the \$100,000 fund transfer for Tito Huerta Sports light project.

LONG - TERM DEBT

As of June 30, 2019 the District had \$12,410,510 in noncurrent liabilities, which is net of the \$446,654 current portion of the long term liabilities as reported in the statement of net position. The outstanding debt consists of 2009 USDA Certificates of Participation, 2012 SWRF Wastewater Treatment Expansion and SWRCB Water Boards Loan for the Water Treatment Plant Up-grade and the District's obligation to its employees for compensated absences, the District's net pension liability (note 6). For more detailed information about the District's long term-debt see note 4.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

New rates were adopted for FY 2019-2020. The District anticipates a minimal increase in tax revenues as housing values depend on the offer and demand, the increase in property value is limited to no more than 2% according to Proposition 13. The District also anticipates capacity revenues due to the affordable capacity residential rates recently implemented.

ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide the District's customers, citizens, taxpayers, creditors, investors and other interested parties with an overview of the District's financial operations and financial condition. Should the reader have questions regarding the information included in this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact Graciela Lopez, HPUD Finance Manager at (760) 482-2440.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	P	nt	
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 896,334	\$ 2,746,727	\$ 3,643,061
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-	711,294	711,294
Accounts receivable	22,850 919,184	450,322	473,172
Total Current Assets	919,184	3,908,343	4,827,527
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets:			
Capital assets not being depreciated	627,126	512,276	1,139,402
Capital assets, net of depreciation	581,935	35,156,792	35,738,727
Total Capital Assets	1,209,061	35,669,068	36,878,129
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,209,061	35,669,068	36,878,129
100011101000111111111111111111111111111	1,200,001	22,000,000	20,070,123
TOTAL ASSETS	2,128,245	39,577,411	41,705,656
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred amounts from pension	35,200	236,135	271,335
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	35,200	236,135	271,335
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	44,479	99,696	144,175
Accrued interest payable	-	12,653	12,653
Accrued wages and benefits payable	26,118	9,774	35,892
Deposits	-	103,444	103,444
Long-term debt due within one year	10.162	337,076	337,076
Current portion of compensated absences Total Current Liabilities	18,163	91,415	109,578
Total Current Liabilities	88,760	654,058	742,818
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Net pension liability	90,018	603,851	693,869
Long-term debt due in more than one year	-	11,656,641	11,656,641
Compensated absences, net of current portion	_	60,000	60,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	90,018	12,320,492	12,410,510
TOTAL LIABILITIES	178,778	12,974,550	13,153,328
TOTAL LIABILITIES	176,776	12,974,330	13,133,328
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred amounts from pension	3,690	24,756	28,446
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	3,690	24,756	28,446
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	1,209,061	23,675,351	24,884,412
Restricted for debt service	-	711,294	711,294
Unrestricted	771,916	2,427,595	3,199,511
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,980,977	\$ 26,814,240	\$ 28,795,217

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended June 30, 2019

			Program Revenues						
					Operating		Capital		
				harges for	Grants and Contributions		Grants and Contributions		
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Services					
Primary Government									
Governmental Activities:									
Parks and recreation	\$	562,222	\$	87,755	\$	-	\$	-	
Total governmental activities		562,222		87,755		-		-	
Business-Type Activities:									
Water		2,033,307		1,584,829		-		-	
Wastewater		1,735,981		1,305,632		-		-	
Solid waste		495,235		509,999		-		-	
Total business-type activities		4,264,523		3,400,460		-		-	
Total primary government	\$	4,826,745	\$	3,488,215	\$	-	\$	-	

GENERAL REVENUES

Property taxes

Investment earnings

Other revenues

Transfers

Total General Revenues

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR

NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR

Net (Expense)	Reve	nue and				
 Changes in	Net P	osition				
 Primary G	overn	ment				
vernmental Activities	B	usiness-Type Activities		Total		
\$ (474,467) (474,467)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(474,467) (474,467)		
_		(448,478)		(448,478)		
_		(430,349)		(430,349)		
_		14,764		14,764		
 		(864,063)		(864,063)		
(474,467)		(864,063)		(1,338,530)		
466,256		- 2,689		466,256 2,689		
9,849		23,904		33,753		
148,828		(148,828)		-		
 624,933		(122,235)		502,698		
150,466		(986,298)		(835,832)		
 1,830,511		27,800,538		29,631,049		
\$ 1,980,977	\$	26,814,240	\$	28,795,217		

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Fund		Debt ervice Fund	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 892,384 22,850	\$	3,950	\$	896,334 22,850	
Total Assets	\$ 915,234	\$	3,950	\$	919,184	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Accounts payable Accrued expenses	\$ 44,479 26,118	\$	- -	\$	44,479 26,118	
Total Liabilities	 70,597		-		70,597	
FUND BALANCES Restricted	 844,637		3,950		848,587	
Total Fund Balances	 844,637		3,950		848,587	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 915,234	\$	3,950	\$	919,184	

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	Amount
Fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 848,587
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources	
and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds (net of accumulated depreciation).	1,209,061
Long-term liabilities applicable to the governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long term, are reported in the statement of net position:	
Compensated absences	(18,163)
Pension-related liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are only reported in the statement of net position, as the changes in these amounts affect only the government-wide statements for governmental activities.	
Deferred outflows of resources	35,200
Deferred inflows of resources	(3,690)
Net pension liability	 (90,018)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,980,977

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Fund	Revenue Service		
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 466,256	\$ -	\$ 466,256	
Charges for services	87,755	-	87,755	
Other revenues	9,849		9,849	
Total Revenues	563,860		563,860	
EXPENDITURES				
General government	504,895	-	504,895	
Capital outlay	94,783		94,783	
Total Expenditures	599,678		599,678	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES	(35,818)		(35,818)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	148,828		148,828	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	148,828		148,828	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	113,010	-	113,010	
FUND BALANCES AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	731,627	3,950	735,577	
FUND BALANCES AT END OF YEAR	\$ 844,637	\$ 3,950	\$ 848,587	

HEBER PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2019

		 Amount
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 113,010
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlays	\$ 115,759	
Disposals	(20,978)	
Depreciation expense	 (48,829)	45,952
Pension expense reported in the governmental funds includes the annual required contributions. In the statement of activities, pension expense includes the change in the net pension liability and related change in pension amounts for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.		(7,049)
The issuance of long-term liabilities provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term liabilities consumes current financial resources of governmental funds. However, these transactions have no effect on net position:		(1.445)
Net decrease in compensated absences payable		 (1,447)
Changes in net position of governmental activities		\$ 150,466

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2019

	Water	Wastewater	Solid Waste	Total	
ASSETS					
Current Assets:	4. 1.502.022	A. 1.077.024	A 166671	A 2546 525	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,503,022	\$ 1,077,034	\$ 166,671	\$ 2,746,727	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	500,294	211,000	-	711,294	
Total Current Assets	232,679	156,197	61,446	450,322	
Total Current Assets	2,235,995	1,444,231	228,117	3,908,343	
Noncurrent Assets:					
Capital Assets:					
Capital assets not being depreciated	-	512,276	-	512,276	
Capital assets, net of depreciation	21,187,225	13,969,567		35,156,792	
Total Noncurrent Assets	21,187,225	14,481,843		35,669,068	
TOTAL ASSETS	23,423,220	15,926,074	228,117	39,577,411	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred amounts from pension	120,817	110,634	4,684	236,135	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	120,817	110,634	4,684	236,135	
OF RESOURCES	120,617	110,034	4,004	230,133	
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	31,795	29,648	38,253	99,696	
Accrued interest payable	6,712	5,941	-	12,653	
Accrued wages and benefits payable	3,516	4,151	2,107	9,774	
Deposits	50,813	45,344	7,287	103,444	
Long-term debt due within one year	170,901	166,175	-	337,076	
Current portion of compensated absences Total Current Liabilities	39,225	52,190	47.647	91,415	
Total Current Liabilities	302,962	303,449	47,647	654,058	
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Net pension liability	308,958	282,918	11,975	603,851	
Long-term debt due in more than one year	7,340,500	4,316,141	-	11,656,641	
Compensated absences	30,000	30,000	<u> </u>	60,000	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	7,679,458	4,629,059	11,975	12,320,492	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	7,982,420	4,932,508	59,622	12,974,550	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred amounts from pension	12,666	11,599	491	24,756	
Botottod uniounio from pension	12,000			21,730	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS					
OF RESOURCES	12,666	11,599	491	24,756	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	13,675,824	9,999,527	_	23,675,351	
Restricted	500,294	211,000	_	711,294	
Unrestricted	1,372,833	882,074	172,688	2,427,595	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 15,548,951	\$ 11,092,601	\$ 172,688	\$ 26,814,240	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Water	Wastewater	Solid Waste	Total	
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 1,584,829	\$ 1,305,632	\$ 509,999	\$ 3,400,460	
Total Operating Revenues	1,584,829	1,305,632	509,999	3,400,460	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries and benefits	671,116	558,611	26,081	1,255,808	
Materials and supplies	224,815	149,199	1,500	375,514	
Contract and other services	220,432	210,741	467,654	898,827	
Depreciation	740,636	770,962		1,511,598	
Total Operating Expenses	1,856,999	1,689,513	495,235	4,041,747	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(272,170)	(383,881)	14,764	(641,287)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest income	1,274	1,415	_	2,689	
Other revenue	13,361	9,220	1,323	23,904	
Loss on disposal	(98,503)		-,	(98,503)	
Interest expense	(77,805)	(46,468)		(124,273)	
Total Nonoperating Revenues					
(Expenses)	(161,673)	(35,833)	1,323	(196,183)	
Income before Transfers	(433,843)	(419,714)	16,087	(837,470)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers Out		(48,828)	(100,000)	(148,828)	
Changes in Net Position	(433,843)	(468,542)	(83,913)	(986,298)	
Net Position at Beginning of Year	15,982,794	11,561,143	256,601	27,800,538	
Net Position at End of Year	\$ 15,548,951	\$ 11,092,601	\$ 172,688	\$ 26,814,240	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2019

		Water		Wastewater		Solid Waste		Total	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	¢.	1 002 200	e	1 200 500	¢.	510 457	e.	2.710.452	
Cash receipts from customers	\$	1,883,398	\$	1,308,598	\$	518,457	\$	3,710,453	
Cash paid to vendors and suppliers for materials and services		(436,769)		(345,143)		(469,105)		(1,251,017)	
Cash paid for employee wages, benefits, and related costs		(648,637)		(540,643)		(25,630)		(1,214,910)	
Net cash provided by (used by) operating activities		797,992		422,812		23,722		1,244,526	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Payments to other funds				(48,828)		(100,000)		(148,828)	
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities				(48,828)		(100,000)		(148,828)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED									
FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(102,978)		(192,523)		-		(295,501)	
Proceeds from issuance of long term debt		32,711		-		-		32,711	
Principal paid on long-term debt		(225,802)		(164,530)		-		(390,332)	
Interest paid on long-term debt		(77,805)		(46,468)		<u> </u>		(124,273)	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related									
financing activities		(373,874)		(403,521)				(777,395)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES									
Investment income received		1,274		1,416		_		2,690	
Net cash provided by investment activities		1,274		1,416				2,690	
		-,-, :		-,					
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		425,392		(28,121)		(76,278)		320,993	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		1,577,924		1,316,155		242,949		3,137,028	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	2,003,316	\$	1,288,034	\$	166,671	\$	3,458,021	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Operating income (loss)	\$	(272,170)	\$	(383,881)	\$	14,764	\$	(641,287)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to									
net cash provided by operating activities:									
Depreciation		740,636		770,962		-		1,511,598	
Other nonoperating revenues, net		13,361		9,220		1,323		23,904	
Changes in operating assets, deferred outflows,									
liabilities, and deferred inflows:									
(Increase) decrease in assets:									
Receivables		294,060		2,754		7,178		303,992	
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows:		20.420		26.105				 0.00	
Deferred amounts from pension		39,428		36,105		1,527		77,060	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		8,478		14 707		40		22 224	
Accounts payable		(1,715)		14,797		(496)		23,324 (6,388)	
Accrued payroll and compensated absences Deposits		(8,852)		(4,187) (9,008)		(486) (43)		(17,903)	
Net pension liability		(15,417)		(14,118)		(597)		(30,132)	
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows:		(13,417)		(14,116)		(371)		(30,132)	
Deferred amounts from pension		183		168		7		358	
Total Adjustments		1,070,162		806,693		8,958		1,885,813	
,		,,				-,		, ,	
Net cash provided by operating activities								1 2 1 1 5 2 6	
	\$	797,992	\$	422,812	\$	23,722	\$	1,244,526	
Noncash investing, capital, and financing transactions:	\$	797,992	\$	422,812	\$	23,722	\$	1,244,526	
Noncash investing, capital, and financing transactions: Acquisition and construction of capital assets in	\$	797,992	\$	422,812	\$	23,722	\$	1,244,526	
T 1	\$	797,992	\$	422,812	\$	23,722	\$	1,244,526	

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUND June 30, 2019

	Agency Fund
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 529,181
Total Current Assets	529,181
Noncurrent Assets:	
Due from property owners	1,390,946
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,390,946
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,920,127
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 235,127
Long-term debt due within one year	70,000
Total Current Liabilities	305,127
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Long-term debt due in more than one year	1,615,000
Long-term deor due in more dian one year	1,013,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	1,615,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 1,920,127

June 30, 2019

1. REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity, Heber Public Utility District (the District), includes the accounts of the District and the Heber Public Utility Financing Corporation (HPUFC).

The Heber Public Utility District (HPUD) was formed in 1931 under the Public Utility Act of 1921. HPUD was given the authority to function as a legal entity with powers similar to those of a city administrative body.

Raw water used by HPUD is supplied by the Central Main Canal via the Dogwood Canal, both of which are under the jurisdiction of the Imperial Irrigation District. The water is drawn from the canal, treated, used by the community, and then re-treated in HPUD sewage treatment plant, and finally disposed of via agricultural drainage canals to the Salton Sea. Prior to 1972, when the first water treatment plant was completed, raw canal water was chlorinated by HPUD as a major part of the potable treatment process. Currently, the water treatment plant can now treat over 4,000,000 gallons of water per day.

Prior to 1968, sewage treatment needs in Heber were met through the use of septic tanks. Heber's first sewage treatment plant was completed in 1968 with a design capacity of 150,000 gallons per day. In 1981, a new sewage treatment plant was built, which more than doubled the previous treatment plant's operating capacity. The District completed an expansion project in 2013, which gave the District capacity of 1,200,000 gallons per day.

The Heber Public Utility District is the primary government unit. Component units are those entities that are financially accountable to the primary government. Since the District's Board of Directors serves as the governing board for HPUFC, it is considered a blended component unit. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the District's operations, and so data from these units are reported with the interfund data of the primary government.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

b. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

b. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Net position of the District is classified into three components - net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> - This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted</u> - This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The fund balance reported on the fund statements consists of the following categories:

<u>Restricted</u> - This classification includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitutional, external resource providers or through enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - This classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's board of directors.

<u>Assigned</u> - This classification includes amounts to be used by the government, authorized by a board of directors, for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed.

<u>Unassigned</u> - This classification includes the residual balance for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

In the government-wide statements, the District considers restricted funds to be spent first and then unrestricted funds when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. In the governmental funds, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted resources and then from unrestricted resources. When committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts are available for use, expenses are considered to be paid first from committed, then from assigned, and then unassigned.

c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Enterprise Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the Enterprise Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The accounting system of the District is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the District's governmental funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. The District elected to show all funds as major funds in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The **Special Revenue Fund** is used to account for the proceeds of a specific revenue source that is legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The District's Special Revenue Fund consists of the Parks and Recreation Fund.

The **Debt Service Fund** is used for the purpose of accumulating resources for the payment of interest and current principal on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

The District reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund - To account for the operations, maintenance, and system construction of the District's water operations, which is funded by user charges and other fees.

c. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Wastewater Fund - To account for the operations, maintenance, and system construction of the District's wastewater operations, which is funded by user charges and other fees.

Solid Waste Fund - To account for the operations, maintenance, and system construction of the District's solid waste operations, which is funded by user charges and other fees.

The District's fund structure also includes the following fund types:

The **Agency Fund** is custodial in nature and does not involve measurement of results of operations. It accounts for assets held by the District as an agent for Heber Public Utility District Community Facilities District No. 2005-1 by making payments to bondholders from property taxes collected by the County of Imperial.

d. New Accounting Pronouncements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Current-Year Standards

- GASB 83 "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations," effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and did not impact the District.
- GASB 88 "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements," effective for periods after June 15, 2018, and did not impact the District.
- GASB 89 "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period," effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019, and was early implemented by the District in fiscal year 2018-19. This statement requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in an enterprise fund. Accounting changes adopted to conform to this provision for this statement should be applied prospectively. There was no material impact on the District's financial statements resulting from the implementation of GASB 89.

GASB Pending Accounting Standards

GASB has issued the following statements, which may impact the District's financial reporting requirements in the future:

- GASB 84 "Fiduciary Activities," effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018.
- GASB 87 "Leases," effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019.
- GASB 90 "Majority Equity Interests an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61," effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018.
- GASB 91- "Conduit Debt Obligations," effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

e. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents have been defined as demand deposits and highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of 90 days or less.

f. Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Certain amounts of cash and cash equivalents are restricted in use by law or debt covenant and accordingly are shown as restricted on the statement of net position. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the District had restricted cash and cash equivalents in the Water and Wastewater Funds of \$500,294 and \$211,000, respectively.

g. Receivables and Payables

Management estimates all receivables at June 30, 2019 to be collectable, as any receivables deemed uncollectable have been written off.

h. Compensated Absences

Vacation pay is payable to employees at the time used or upon termination of employment. In the government-wide financial statements, the cost of vacation pay is recorded as a liability when incurred.

i. Claims and Judgments

When it is probable that a claim liability has been incurred at year-end, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated, the District records the estimated loss, net of any insurance coverage under its self-insurance program. At June 30, 2019, in the opinion of the District's counsel, the District had no material claims that would require loss provision in the financial statements, including losses for claims that are incurred but not reported. Small dollar claims and judgments are recorded as expenditures when paid, if any.

j. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in two installments due on November 1 and delinquent if paid after December 10 and February 1 and delinquent if paid after April 10. Property taxes are collected by the County of Imperial and distributed to the District in installments during the fiscal year. District property tax revenues are recognized when received.

k. Capital Assets

The District defines capital assets as assets with initial, individual costs of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The District's capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated fixed assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Construction-in-progress costs are capitalized and transferred to their respective fixed asset category upon completion of the project.

Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the assets as follows:

Computer equipment	3 years
Machinery and equipment	5-15 years
Furniture and fixtures	6-15 years
Buildings	10-45 years
Infrastructure	5-40 years

1. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. The District has the following items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Deferred outflow related to pensions for employer contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability.
- Deferred outflow related to pensions for differences between expected and actual experiences. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the plans.
- Deferred outflow from pensions resulting from changes in assumptions. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the plans.
- Deferred outflow related to pensions for changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the plans.
- Deferred outflow from pensions resulting from the difference in projected and actual earnings on investments of the pension plan fiduciary net position. This amount is amortized over five years.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has the following that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Deferred inflow from pensions resulting from changes in assumptions. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining services lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the plans.
- Deferred inflow related to pensions for differences between expected and actual experiences. This amount is amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employee that are provided with pensions through the plans.

m. Interest Expense

The District incurs interest charges on long-term debt. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the District expensed \$124,273 of interest incurred.

n. Capital Contributions

Capital contributions are recorded when the District receives cash contributions or accepts contributions of capital assets in kind or when governmental construction grants are earned. Capital contributions are reported as a separate line item in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

o. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

p. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2019 are reported in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,643,061
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	711,294
Cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agent*	529,181
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,883,536

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

Cash on hand	\$	100
Deposits with financial institutions		4,354,255
Investments - money market mutual fund		529,181
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents		4,883,536

^{*} Reported on the statement of fiduciary assets and liabilities.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

The District has adopted an investment policy that authorizes it to invest in various investments.

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the District manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. At June 30, 2019, District's investments in money market mutual funds have a maturity of less than one year.

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. At June 30, 2019, the District's investment in money market mutual fund is rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code does not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure District deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. As of June 30, 2019, all of the District's deposits with financial institutions were covered by federal depository insurance limits or were held in collateralized accounts.

Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the relative inputs used to measure the fair value of the investments. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The District's investments in money market mutual funds are not subject to the fair value hierarchy.

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Balance			Deletions and		Balance		
	June 30, 2018 Additions		Transfers		June 30, 2019			
Governmental Activities:		_						_
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated:								
Land	\$	511,367	\$	-	\$	-	\$	511,367
Construction in process		20,978		115,759		(20,978)		115,759
Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated		532,345		115,759		(20,978)		627,126
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Buildings		648,244		-		-		648,244
Machinery and equipment		229,709		-		-		229,709
Furniture and fixtures		45,075		-		-		45,075
Computer equipment		3,219						3,219
Subtotal		926,247						926,247
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Buildings		(166,155)		(20,534)		-		(186,689)
Machinery and equipment		(104,143)		(22,042)		-		(126, 185)
Furniture and fixtures		(23,206)		(5,819)		-		(29,025)
Computer equipment		(1,979)		(434)				(2,413)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(295,483)		(48,829)				(344,312)
Net Capital Assets, Being Depreciated		630,764		(48,829)				581,935
Net Capital Assets	\$	1,163,109	\$	66,930	\$	(20,978)	\$	1,209,061

3. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Business-type capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2018 Additions		Deletions and Transfers	Balance June 30, 2019	
Business-type activities:	<u> </u>	7 raditions	Transfers	3 dile 30, 2017	
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 512,276	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 512,276	
Construction in process	220,745	169,431	(390,176)		
Total Capital Assets,					
Not Depreciated	733,021	169,431	(390,176)	512,276	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:					
Structures and improvements	632,383	97,196	(230,640)	498,939	
Machinery and equipment	672,306	-	-	672,306	
Infrastructure	48,203,739	28,873	390,176	48,622,788	
Computer Equipment	77,165			77,165	
Subtotal	49,585,593	126,069	159,536	49,871,198	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:					
Structures and improvements	(321,486)	(54,363)	132,137	(243,712)	
Machinery and equipment	(329,574)	(46,940)	-	(376,514)	
Infrastructure	(12,627,915)	(1,402,799)	-	(14,030,714)	
Computer Equipment	(55,970)	(7,496)		(63,466)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(13,334,945)	(1,511,598)	132,137	(14,714,406)	
Net Capital Assets,					
Being Depreciated	36,250,648	(1,385,529)	291,673	35,156,792	
Net Capital Assets	\$ 36,983,669	\$ (1,216,098)	\$ (98,503)	\$ 35,669,068	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Parks and recreation	\$ 48,829
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	<u>\$ 48,829</u>
Business-type Activities:	
Water	\$ 740,636
Wastewater	770,962
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 1,511,598

4. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2019 consist of the following:

		Balance						Balance	D	ae Within
	Ju	ine 30, 2018	A	dditions	R	etirements	Ju	ine 30, 2019		ne Year
Business-type activities:	· ·	_						_		
Other Debt										
2009 U.S.D.A. Certificates										
of Participation	\$	2,964,000	\$	-	\$	(64,000)	\$	2,900,000	\$	90,000
Direct Borrowings										
2012 SRF Wastewater Treatment										
Expansion Loan		4,646,846		-		(164,530)		4,482,316		166,175
SWRCB - Water Boards Loan		4,740,492		32,711		(161,802)		4,611,401		80,901
Total	\$	12,351,338	\$	32,711	\$	(390,332)	\$	11,993,717	\$	337,076

2009 U.S.D.A. Certificates of Participation

Certificates of Participation with a principal amount not to exceed \$3,533,000 were issued July 20, 2009, bear an interest rate of 2.63% and mature June 1, 2049. The Certificates of Participation were issued to secure the loan from the U.S.D.A. RDA and to provide financing for the acquisition and installation of certain water system improvements. The principal amount outstanding at June 30, 2019 was \$2,900,000. Future debt service requirements for the Certificates of Participation are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Principal		Ending June 30, Principa		Interest		Total
2020	\$	90,000	\$	76,334	\$ 166,334				
2021		90,000		73,763	163,763				
2022		90,000		71,400	161,400				
2023		90,000		69,038	159,038				
2024		90,000		66,858	156,858				
2025-2029		450,000		298,094	748,094				
2030-2034		500,000		236,379	736,379				
2035-2039		500,000		170,545	670,545				
2040-2044		500,000		105,115	605,115				
2045-2049		500,000		39,389	 539,389				
	\$	2,900,000	\$	1,206,915	\$ 4,106,915				

2012 SRF Wastewater Treatment Expansion Loan

This obligation is with the California State Water Resources Control Board - State Revolving Fund with a principal amount not to exceed \$11,411,131. The net revenues of the Wastewater Fund are pledged to secure this obligation. The obligation is for providing financing for the acquisition and installation of improvements to the wastewater treatment plant. The interest rate is 1.00% and matures on May 20, 2043. The principal amount outstanding at June 30, 2019 was \$4,482,316.

4. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

2012 SRF Wastewater Treatment Expansion Loan (Continued)

Future debt service requirements for the loan are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2020	\$ 166,175	\$ 44,823	\$ 210,998
2021	167,837	43,161	210,998
2022	169,515	41,483	210,998
2023	171,210	39,788	210,998
2024	172,922	38,076	210,998
2025-2029	890,899	164,092	1,054,991
2030-2034	936,344	118,647	1,054,991
2035-2039	984,106	70,885	1,054,991
2040-2043	823,308	20,685	843,993
	\$ 4,482,316	\$ 581,640	\$ 5,063,956

2015 SRF Water Treatment Improvement Loan

On April 29, 2015, the District entered into a loan agreement to receive up to \$4,850,000 from the California State Water Resources Control Board to fund improvements to the water treatment plant. As of June 30, 2019, \$4,848,998 of the loan proceeds has been drawn down and utilized. The loans bears no interest and is payable in annual payments of \$80,901. The loan matures on January 2048. The principal amount outstanding at June 30, 2019 was \$4,611,401.

5. SPECIAL DISTRICT RISK MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

The District is a member of the Special District Risk Management Authority. Each member District pays for its proportionate share of its individually contracted insurance coverage. The District is insured against the following:

		Insurance
	Per	Occurrence
General Liability (including Auto)	\$	5,000,000
Public Officials and Employees'		
Errors and Omissions		500,000
Employee Dishonesty		1,000,000
Personal Liability for Board Members		500,000
Employment Practices Liability		5,000,000
Property (Fire, Theft, and Flood)	1,	* 000,000,000
Uninsured Motorists		750,000
Boiler and Machinery		100,000,000
Workers' Compensation		5,000,000
Pollution		1,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded any of the District's coverage amounts in any of the last three fiscal years, and there were no reductions in the District's insurance coverage during the year ended June 30, 2019.

* - Up to insurable value of property

6. PENSION PLANS

a. General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the District's 2.5% at 55 (Tier I), 2.0% at 60 (Tier II), and 2.0% at 62 (Tier III PEPRA) miscellaneous employee pension plans and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (Plans). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and District resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions, and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS's website.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 to 62 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for nonindustrial disability benefits after five years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each Plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2018 measurement date are summarized as follows:

_	Miscellaneous		
	Prior to On or A		
	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2.5%@55	2%@62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 Years of service	5 Years of service	
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	
Retirement age	50 - 63	52 - 67	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.426% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%	
Required employee contribution rates	8%	6.25%	
Required employer contribution rates:			
Normal cost rate	9.539%	6.533%	
Payment of unfunded liability	\$36,102	\$159	

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS's annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. District contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contributions requirements are classified as plan member contributions.

b. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2019, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of all Plans as follows:

	Propo	ortionate
	Sh	are of
	Net 1	Pension
	Lia	bility
Miscellaneous	\$	693,869

The District's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using standard update procedures. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of the measurement dates ended June 30, 2017 and 2018 was as follows:

	Miscellaneous
Proportion - June 30, 2017	0.01848%
Proportion - June 30, 2018	0.01841%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.00007%

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$169,234. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows		Inflows	
	of]	Resources	of	Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	114,899	\$	-
Differences between actual and expected experiences		26,623		(9,060)
Change in assumptions		79,103		(19,386)
Change in employer's proportion and differences				
between the employer's contributions and the				
employer's proportionate share of contributions		47,280		_
Net differences between projected and actual				
earnings on plan investments		3,430		_
Total	\$	271,335	\$	(28,446)

b. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

An amount of \$114,899 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year	
Ending	
June 30,	 Amount
2020	\$ 92,127
2021	56,918
2022	(14,814)
2023	(6,241)
2024	-
Thereafter	-
	\$ 127,990

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement period was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, with updated procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018. The total pension liability was based on the following assumptions:

	Miscellaneous
Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal
	Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	(1)
Mortality Rate Table	(2)
Post-Retirement Benefit Increase	(3)

- (1) Varies by entry age and service.
- (2) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS's specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the December 2017 Experience Study report (based on CAlPERS demographic date from 1997 to 2015) available on the CAlPERS's website.
- (3) Contract COLA up to 2.00% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.50% thereafter.

b. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations, as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short term (first 10 years) and the long term (11+ years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

	Assumed Asset	Real Return Years	Real Return Years
Asset Class (a)	Allocation	1 - 10 (b)	11+ (c)
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.00%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100.00%		

- (a) In the CalPERS CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.
- (b) An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period.
- (c) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

b. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all Plans, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous					
1% Decrease		6.15%				
Net Pension Liability	\$	1,208,426				
Current Discount Rate		7.15%				
Net Pension Liability	\$	693,869				
1% Increase		8.15%				
Net Pension Liability	\$	269,112				

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS's financial reports.

c. Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2019, the District had no outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2019.

7. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019, consisted of the following:

	T	ransfers	T	ransfers		
		In	Out			
Special Revenue Fund	\$	148,828	\$	-		
Wastewater Fund		-		48,828		
Solid Waste Fund		-		100,000		
Totals	\$	148,828	\$	148,828		

The Wastewater Fund transferred \$48,828 to the Special Revenue Fund to compensate for property now held by the Wastewater fund. The Solid Waste Fund transferred \$100,000 to the Special Revenue Fund for the reimbursement of the Tito Huerta Sports Light Project.

8. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Grant Audit Contingencies

Grant funds received by the District are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to request for reimbursements to grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. District management believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

Litigation

In the ordinary course of operations, the District is subject to claims and litigation from outside parties. After consultation with legal counsel, the District believes the ultimate outcome of such matters, if any, will not materially affect its financial condition.

9. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events occurring after June 30, 2019 have been evaluated for possible adjustments to the financial statements or disclosures as of December 13, 2019, which is the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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HEBER PUBLIC UTILITY DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

Fiscal year ended	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	
Measurement period	June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015		June 30, 2014	
Plan's proportion of the net pension liability		0.00720%		0.00735%		0.00715%		0.01627%		0.00126%
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	693,869	\$	728,493	\$	618,291	\$	446,488	\$	313,558
Plan's covered payroll	\$	775,142	\$	764,649	\$	760,005	\$	745,373	\$	745,373
Plan's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		89.52%		95.27%		81.35%		59.90%		42.07%
Plan's proportionate share of the fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Plan's total pension liability		75.26%		73.31%		74.06%		83.52%		87.25%
Plan's proportionate share of aggregate employer contributions	\$	118,464	\$	105,031	\$	90,102	\$	82,674	\$	58,011

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes:

There were no changes in benefits.

Changes in Assumptions:

From fiscal year June 30, 2015 to June 30, 2016:

GASB 68, paragraph 68 states that the long-term expected rate of return should be determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate of 7.50% used for the June 30, 2014 measurement date was net of administrative expenses. The discount rate of 7.65% used for the June 30, 2016 measurement date is without reduction of pension plan administrative expense.

From fiscal year June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2017:
There were no changes in assumptions.
From fiscal year June 30, 2017 to June 30, 2018:
The discount rate was reduced from 7.65% to 7.15%.
From fiscal year June 30, 2018 to June 30, 2019:
There were no changes in assumptions.

^{*} Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation; therefore, only five years are shown.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

Last Ten Fiscal Years*

	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	114,899	\$	105,456	\$	101,781	\$	93,108	\$	80,895
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		(114,899)		(105,456)		(101,781)		(93,108)		(80,895)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$	
Covered payroll	\$	787,336	\$	775,142	\$	764,649	\$	760,005	\$	745,373
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.59%		13.60%		13.31%		12.25%		10.85%
Notes to Schedule:										
Valuation Date	6	/30/2016	6	/30/2015	6	/30/2014	6	/30/2013	6	/30/2012
Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution	Rate	es:								
Actuarial cost method	F	intry age	E	Entry age	F	entry age	F	intry age	F	Entry age
Amortization method		(1)		(1)		(1)		(1)		(1)
Asset valuation method	Ma	rket Value	Ma	ırket Value	Ma	rket Value	Ma	rket Value		15 Year
										moothed
x a		2.550/		0.550/		2.550/		2.550/		ket Method
Inflation		2.75%		2.75%		2.75%		2.75%		2.75%
Salary increases	_	(2)	_	(2)	_	(2)	_	(2)	_	(2)
Investment rate of return	7.	375% (3)	7	.50% (3)	7	.50% (3)	7	.50% (3)	7	.50% (3)
Retirement age		(4)		(4)		(4)		(4)		(4)
Mortality		(5)		(5)		(5)		(5)		(5)

⁽¹⁾ Level percentage of payroll, closed

⁽²⁾ Depending on age, service, and type of employment

⁽³⁾ Net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

^{(4) 50} for miscellaneous plan, 52 for pepra plan

⁽⁵⁾ Mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates resulting from the most recent CalPERS Experience Study adopted by the CalPERS Board.

^{* -} Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only five years are shown.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the year ended June 30, 2019

	Bud	geted Amor	unts		Variance with		
	Original Final		 Actual	Final Budget			
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2018	\$ 731,6	527 \$	731,627	\$ 731,627	\$		
RESOURCES (INFLOWS):							
Property taxes	475,0	000	475,000	466,256		(8,744)	
Charges for services	79,0	000	79,000	87,755		8,755	
Other revenues	10,5	500	10,500	 9,849		(651)	
Amount Available for Appropriations	564,5	500	564,500	 563,860		(640)	
CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS):							
General government	534,6	600	534,600	504,895		29,705	
Capital outlay	17,7	700	17,700	94,783		(77,083)	
Total Charges to Appropriations	552,3	300	552,300	 599,678		(47,378)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Appropriations	12,2	200	12,200	 (35,818)		46,738	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	148,828		148,828	
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	12,2	200	12,200	 113,010		100,810	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2019	\$ 743,8	327 \$	743,827	\$ 844,637	\$	100,810	

1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriation budgets are adopted for the special revenue fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.